# **Banking Sector**

Stronger earnings growth, asset quality to improve in 2024

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# Summary recap and outlook

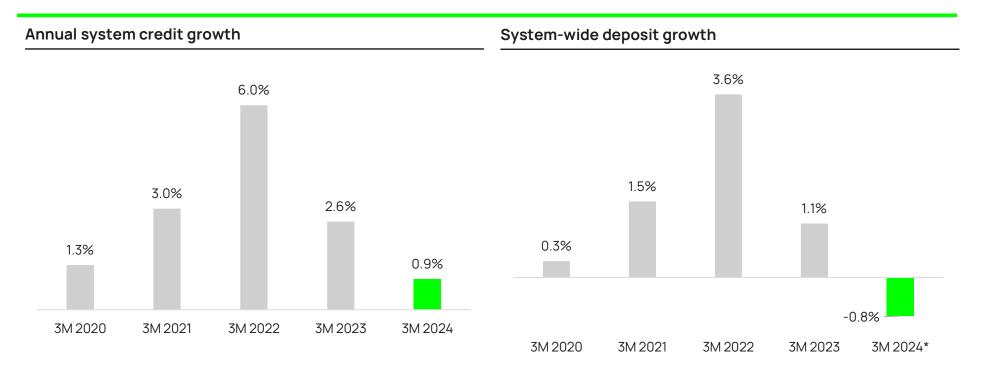
- Q1 2024 system-wide credit growth was weak at 0.9%. However, we saw MoM improvement and an acceleration in credit disbursement in March. Despite weak Q1 2024 credit growth, our outlook remains positive for stronger credit growth in the remainder of 2024, and we forecast full-year credit growth of 13.4%.
- Q1 2024 aggregate NIM of banks under our coverage declined both YoY and QoQ to 3.55%. **We expect NIM** will slightly improve in the remainder of 2024F with stronger credit growth and gradual improvement in asset quality. We forecast the 2024F aggregate NIM of banks under our coverage to be 3.65% (+10 bps YoY).
- NOII growth slowed down in Q1 2024 to 5.4% YoY. However, we maintain our expectation for strong NOII full-year growth of 21.2% YoY, driven by ongoing strong settlement services fees and an improvement in recoveries from written-off bad debts.
- Asset quality deteriorated slightly QoQ in Q1 2024 after a QoQ improvement in Q4 2023 amid weak credit
  growth and low write-offs. In the coming quarters, we expect banks will increase bad debt write-offs to
  control NPL ratios. We expect that improvement in top-line growth in the coming quarters will help to
  counteract high credit costs.
- Q1 2024 aggregate NPAT was flat QoQ but increased 11% YoY. Earnings of banks under our coverage were broadly in line with our expectations, except for LPB (higher) and MBB (lower). We currently forecast 2024F aggregate NPAT of banks under our coverage to increase 19% YoY and Q1 2024 aggregate NPAT completed 23% of our full-year forecast.
- Our top picks for 2024 are MBB and STB. These stocks offer some of the highest projected returns based on our end-2024 target prices as of May 10. We believe these banks offer robust core performance and strong growth outlooks at attractive valuations. We recommend VCB and ACB for investors seeking relatively defensive exposure to the sector.



# Q1 2024 Recap



# System-wide credit & deposit growth



Source: State Bank of Vietnam (SBV), CT No:32/CD-TTg on April 5, 2024; Vietcap.

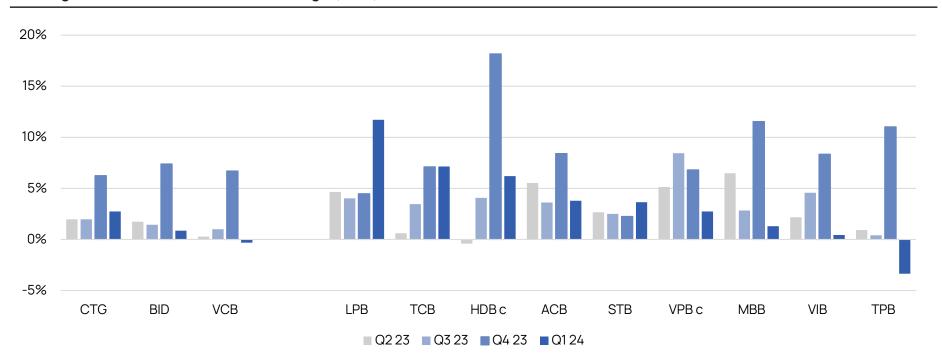
Source: SBV, General Statistics of Vietnam (GSO), Vietcap. Note: \*data as of March 25, 2024.

- Weak credit growth in Q1 2024 is in line with our expectation and could be attributed to seasonal factors and a strong increase in late 2023. However, we see MoM improvement and an acceleration in credit disbursement in March.
- System-wide deposit growth slightly decreased in Q1 2024, broadly in line with credit growth at -0.8%. While the breakdown for Q1 2024 deposits from customers is not yet available, the 1M 2024 breakdown by the SBV indicates that deposits from institutions decreased by 2.31%, while deposits from individuals decreased 0.53%.



# Credit growth of banks under our coverage

### Credit growth of banks under our coverage (QoQ)



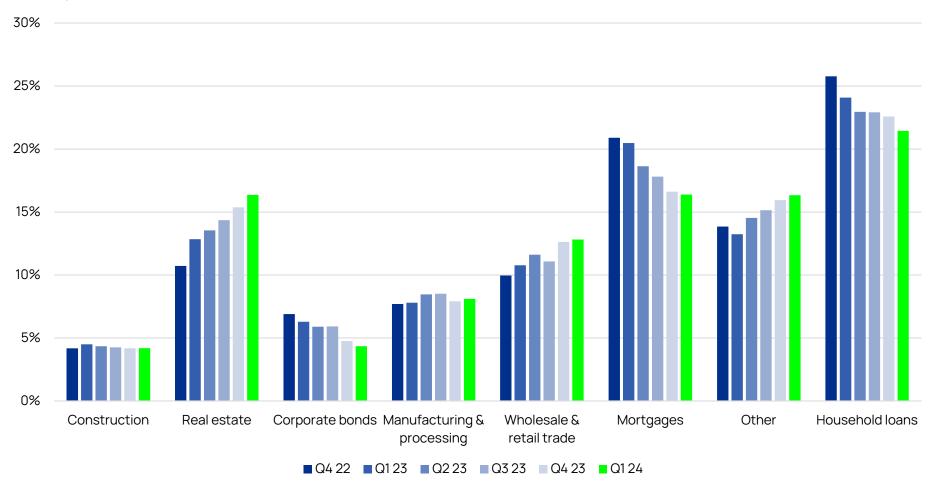
Source: Company data, Vietcap; ('c' denotes consolidated)

- In general, many banks under our coverage reported higher credit growth compared to the overall industry (coverage aggregate growth 2.4% vs industry growth of 0.9%), with outstanding numbers reported at private banks such as TCB (+7.1%), HDB (+ 6.2%), and LPB (+11.7 %). High credit growth at these banks was partly contributed by strong demand for credit from real estate developers.
- TPB had lower credit growth than the system level, with a decline of 3% QoQ due to weak credit demand of retail customers and the sale of some of the large corporate loans to other institutions.



# The corporate segment remained the key driver for credit growth in Q1 2024

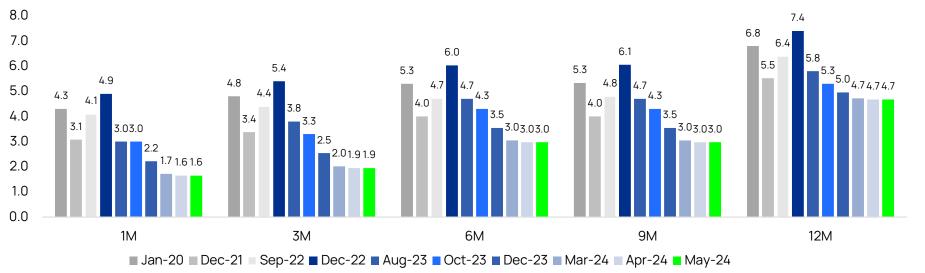
Breakdown of credit balance of private of banks which provide quarterly breakdown data (includes HDB, VPB, MBB, TCB, TPB, and VIB)



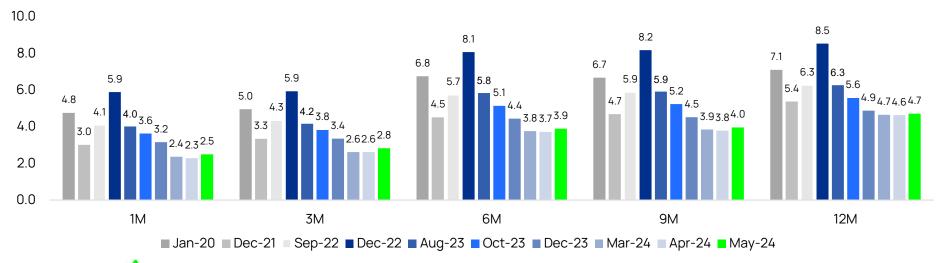


# **Deposit rates**

### Weighted average deposit rates of SOE banks (%)



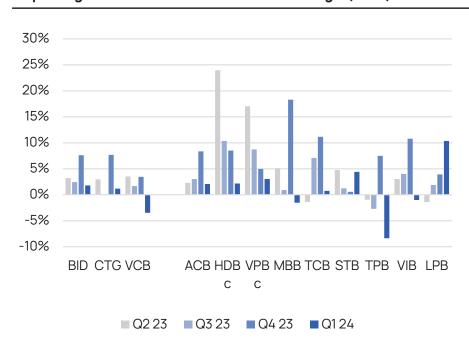
### Weighted average deposit rates of private banks (%)





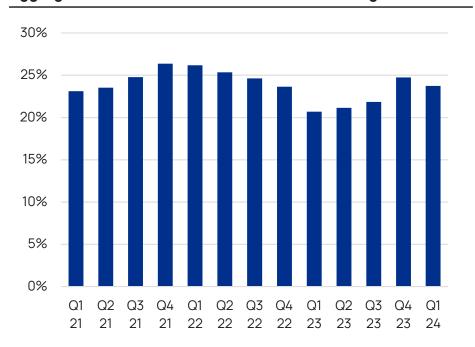
# Deposit growth & CASA ratio

### Deposit growth of banks under our coverage (QoQ)



Source: Company data, Vietcap

Aggregate CASA ratio of banks under our coverage



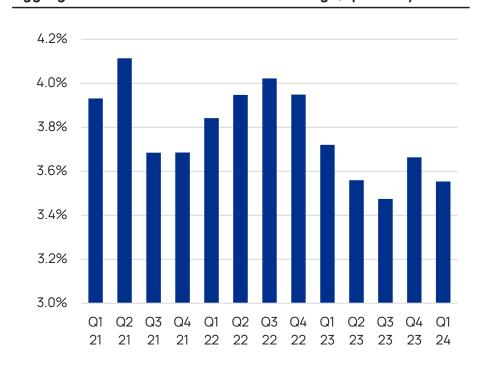
Source: Company data, Vietcap

 Most of the banks under our coverage reported a QoQ decrease in CASA ratio in Q1 2024. We maintain our expectation of improvement in the CASA ratio for coming quarters.

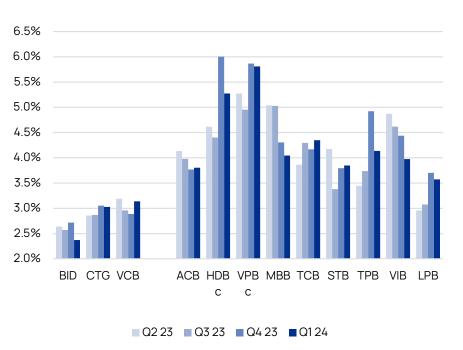


# NIM (1)

### Aggregate NIM of banks under our coverage, quarterly



### NIM by banks



Source: Company data, Vietcap

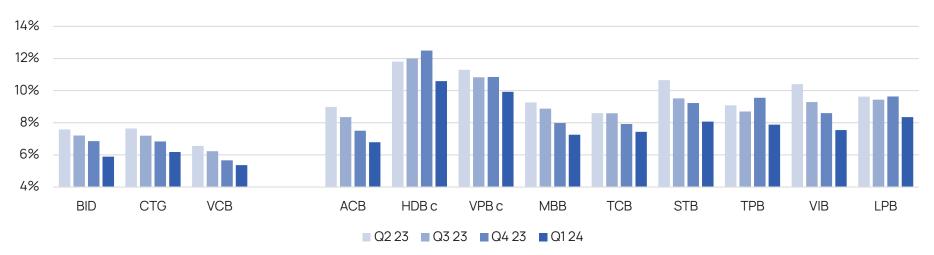
Source: Company data, Vietcap; ('c' denotes consolidated)

• Q1 2024 aggregate NIM of banks under our coverage declined both YoY and QoQ. The QoQ compression in NIM can be attributed to (i) a 104 bps QoQ average decrease in IEA yield that was stronger than the 87 bps QoQ average improvement in COF; (ii) a slight drop QoQ in the CASA ratio, and (iii) a QoQ increase in the NPL ratio.

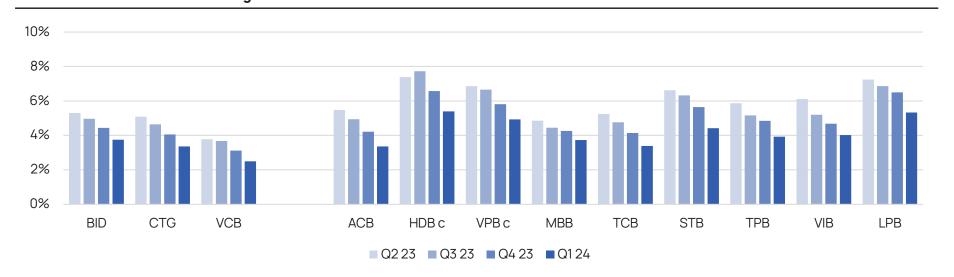


# NIM (2)

### IEA yields of banks under our coverage

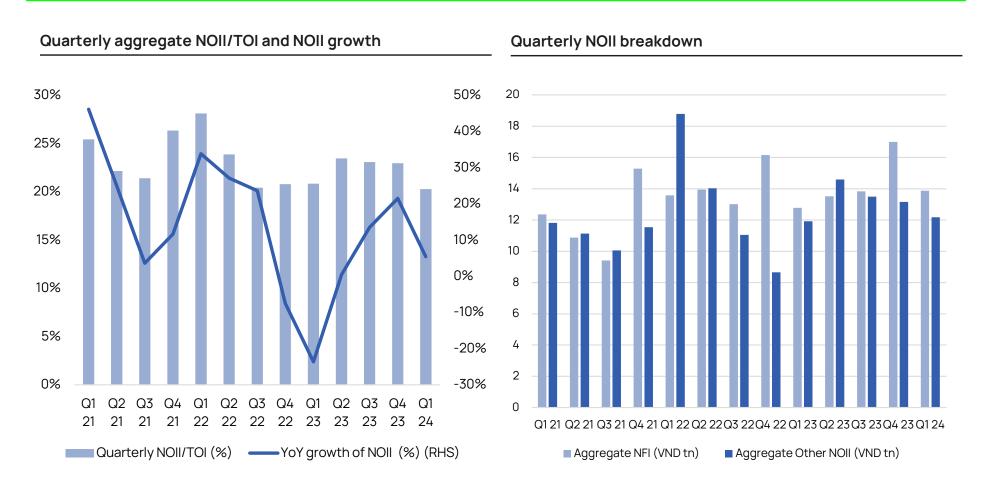


### COF of banks under our coverage





# Non-interest income (NOII)

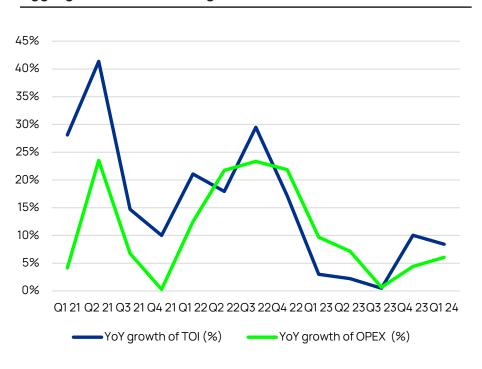


- Q1 2024 aggregate NOII increased 5.4% YoY but decreased 13.6% QoQ from a high base in Q4 2023. If we exclude one-off income of around VND1.9tn at LPB in Q4 2023, Q1 2024 NOII decreased 7.8% QoQ.
- Aggregate other NOII decreased in three consecutive quarters, which we attribute to remaining slow recovery from written-off bad debts and decreases in gains from trading & investment securities.

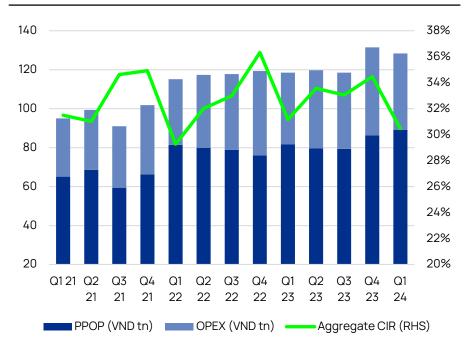


# **Operating costs**

### Aggregate TOI and OPEX growth



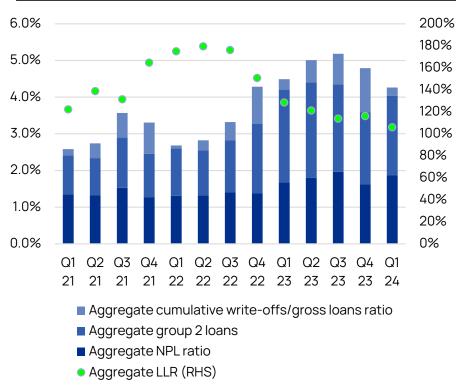
### Aggregate CIR, PPOP, & OPEX





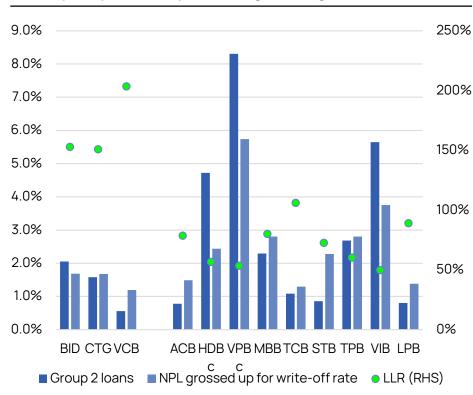
# Asset quality (1)

### Asset quality of Vietcap's banking coverage, quarterly



### Source: Company data, Vietcap

### Asset quality of Vietcap's banking coverage in Q1 2024



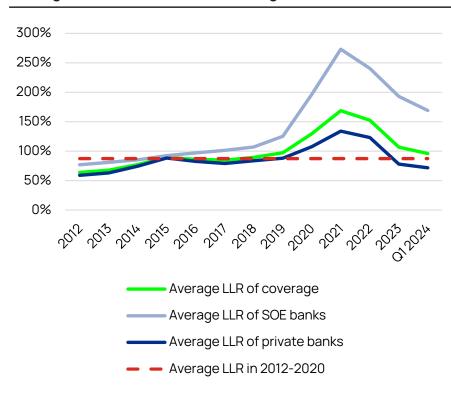
Source: Company data, Vietcap ('c' denotes consolidated)

- Asset quality deteriorated slightly QoQ in Q1 2024 after a QoQ improvement in Q4 2023 amid weak credit growth and low writeoffs.
- The increase in the NPL ratio was attributed to both retail lending (including mortgage lending) and corporates. CIC classification also contributed to a higher aggregate reported NPL ratio.



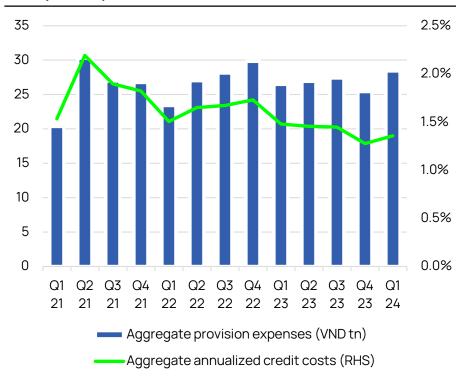
# Asset quality (2)

### Average LLR of banks under coverage



Source: Company data, Vietcap

Aggregate provision expenses (VND tn) and credit costs (%), quarterly

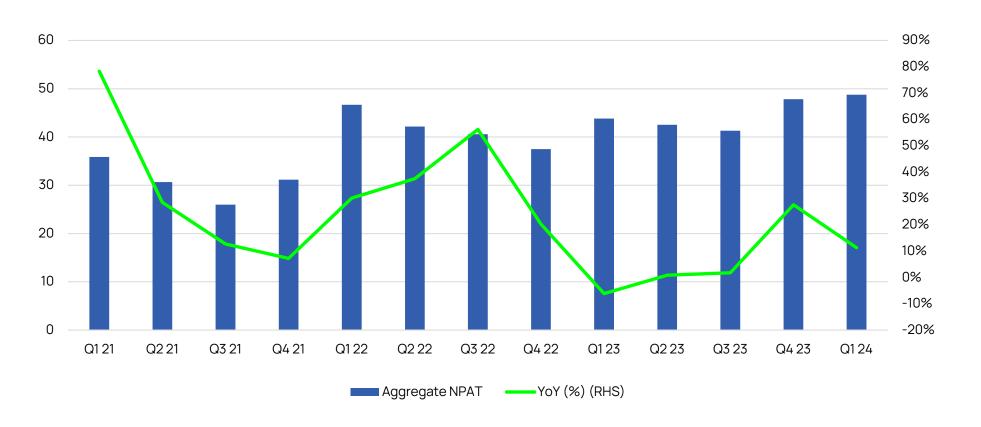


Source: Company data, Vietcap



# **NPAT**

### Aggregate NPAT, quarterly (VND tn)



• Q1 2024 aggregate NPAT of banks under our coverage was relatively flat QoQ due to (1) a 1.3% QoQ increase in aggregate NII that was mainly driven by strong credit growth in Q4 2023 and (2) a 4-ppt QoQ decrease in CIR that offset (3) a 13.6% QoQ decrease in aggregate NOII from a high base in Q4 2023 and (4) an 11.8% QoQ increase in aggregate provision expenses.



# NPAT of banks under our coverage (VND tn)

	Q1 2023	Q1 2024	YoY	2024F*	2024F vs 2023
BID	5,559	5,916	6.4%	27,482	25.1%
CTG	4,831	5,003	3.5%	23,605	17.8%
VCB	8,992	8,586	-4.5%	37,887	14.6%
VPB c	1,650	3,142	90.4%	13,189	52.6%
LPB	1,243	2,299	84.9%	6,502	16.7%
HDB c	2,194	3,213	46.5%	12,770	23.6%
ТСВ	4,537	6,277	38.3%	21,719	19.4%
STB	1,900	2,111	11.1%	9,372	21.4%
ТРВ	1,413	1,462	3.5%	5,809	30.1%
ACB	4,135	3,905	-5.6%	18,452	15.0%
VIB	2,155	2,001	-7.1%	9,745	13.8%
МВВ	5,206	4,624	-11.2%	23,270	10.5%



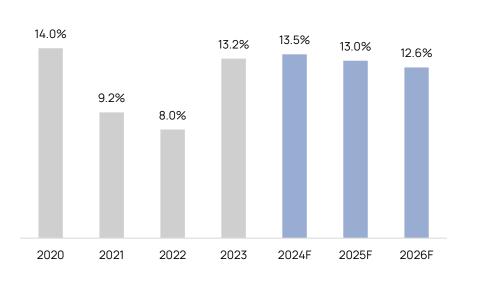
# 2024 Outlook

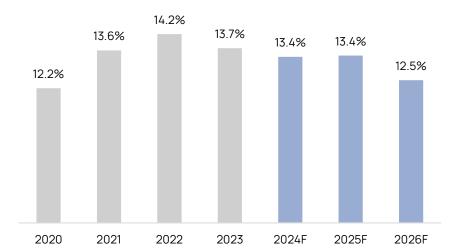


# System-wide credit growth & deposit growth

### Annual system credit growth

### Annual system deposit growth





Source: SBV, Vietcap estimates. \* 2024F - 2026F represent implied systemwide credit growth, which is calculated based on our forecast for credit growth of banks in our coverage universe less than 1.7 ppts (the average difference in the last five years).

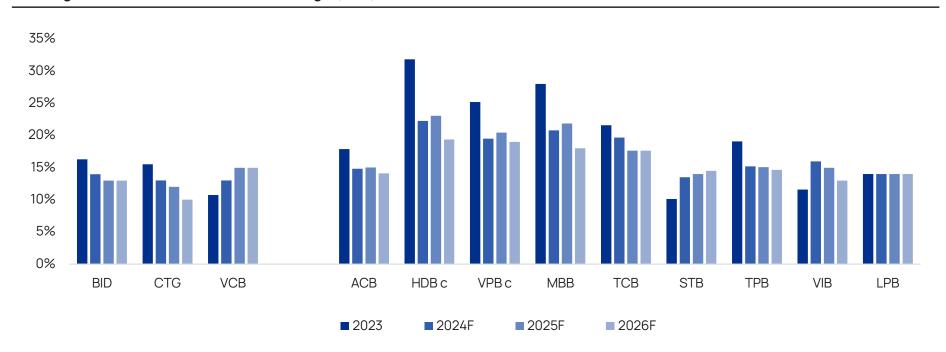
Source: State Bank of Vietnam (SBV), Vietcap estimates. \* 2024F - 2026F represent implied system-wide deposit growth, which is calculated based on our forecast for deposit growth of banks in our coverage universe less than 3.6 ppts (the average difference in the last three years).

- Our outlook remains positive for stronger credit growth in 2024. Banks are likely to focus on corporate lending in H1 2024. We expect a stronger recovery in retail credit demand from H2 2024.
- We expect deposit growth in 2024 to slow down vs 2023 given the anticipated low interest environment during most of the year. While deposit growth in 2023 was mostly driven by retail depositors, we expect more balanced growth between corporate and retail depositors in 2024.



# Credit growth of banks under our coverage

### Credit growth of banks under our coverage (YoY)



Source: Company data, Vietcap; ('c' denotes consolidated)

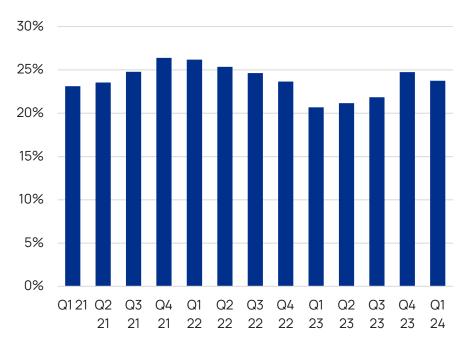
• We expect private banks (especially those that joined the rescue of the zero dong banks program), to continue to grow their loan books stronger than peers in the next three years.

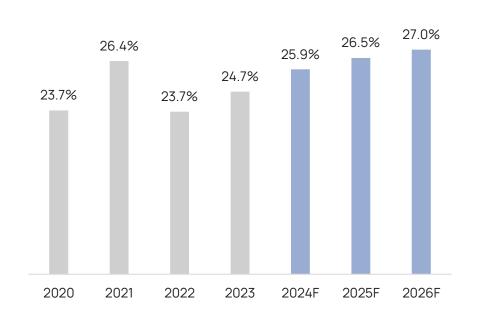


### **CASA** ratio

### Aggregate CASA ratio of banks under our coverage, quarterly

### Aggregate CASA ratio of banks under our coverage, yearly





Source: Company data, Vietcap

Source: Company data, Vietcap

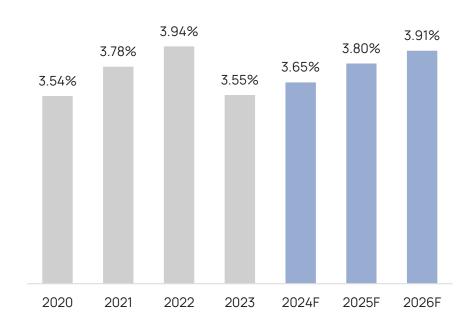
- The CASA ratio increased YoY (+ 3.1 ppts YoY) but slightly decreased QoQ (-1 ppts QoQ), which is partly explained by seasonal factors as corporates tend to strengthen their cash balance at the year's end. We maintain our expectation of improvement in the CASA ratio for coming quarters due to a current low interest rate environment.
- We do not expect the SBV to change its current stance of monetary policy (growth oriented) this year. We currently forecast for a 25-bp increase in the deposit rate cap for terms < 6M in late 2024.

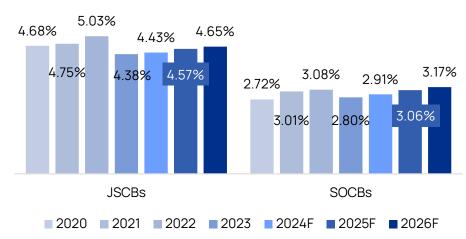


# NIM (1)

### Aggregate NIM yearly

### SOCBs and JOCBs aggregate NIM





Source: Company data, Vietcap

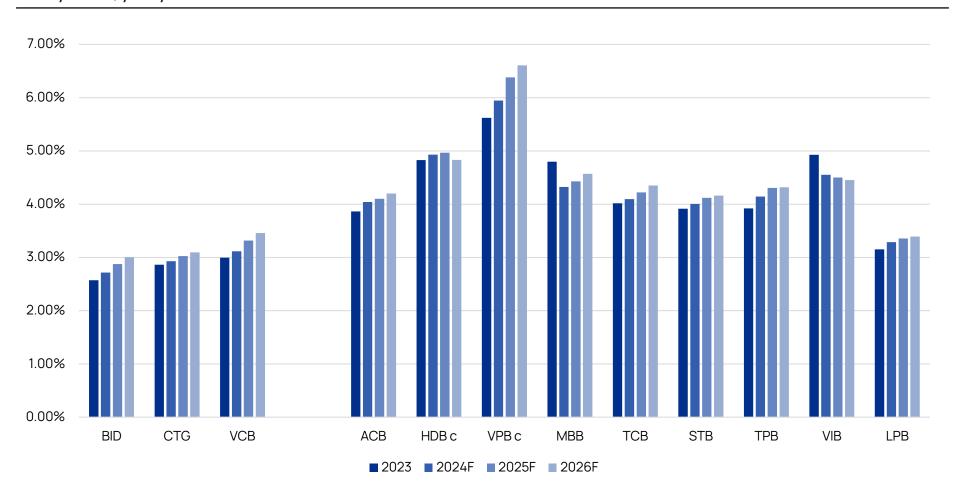
Source: Company data, Vietcap

• For 2024F, we forecast a 10-bp YoY increase in aggregate NIM due to (1) stronger credit demand from retail borrowers in H2 2024, (2) lower support packages for customers as the economy recovers, and (3) an improvement in asset quality.



# NIM (2)

### NIM by banks, yearly

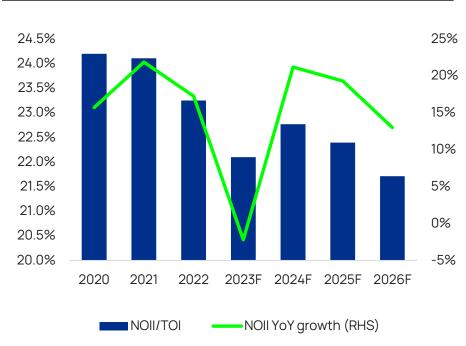


Source: Company data, Vietcap ('c' denotes consolidated )

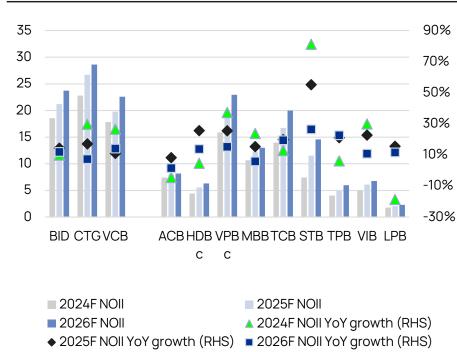


# Non-interest income (NOII)

### Aggregate NOII/TOI and NOII growth, yearly



### Forecast NOII by banks (VND tn)

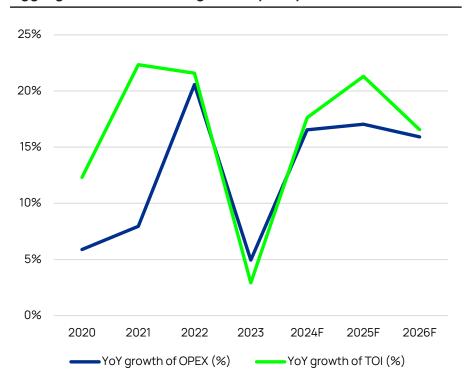


- We currently forecast 2024F aggregate NOII in our coverage to increase 21.2% YoY. We believe that pure NFI growth will be maintained due to (i) ongoing strong settlement services fees and other non-credit services fee amid improving credit growth and economic activities and (ii) an improvement in recoveries from written-off bad debts across all banks from a low base.
- We still expect slow progress in handling collaterals (i.e., low recovery bad debt ratio), given that the current sluggishness in the real estate sector and bancassurance could take more time to recover.

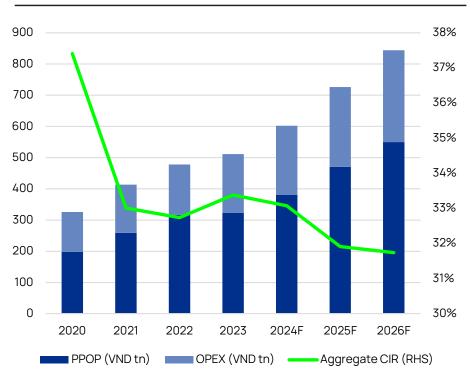


# **Operating costs**

### Aggregate TOI and OPEX growth, yearly



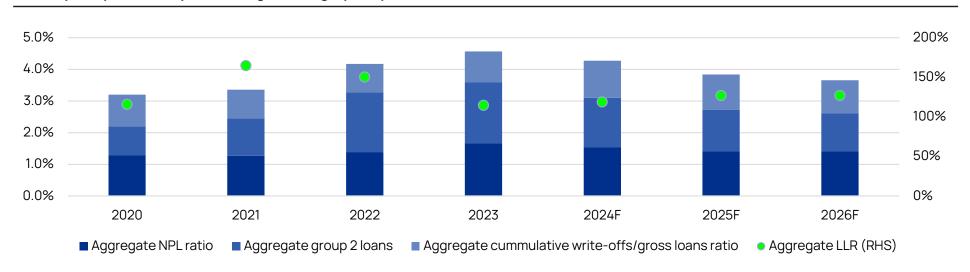
### Aggregate CIR, PPOP, & OPEX, yearly



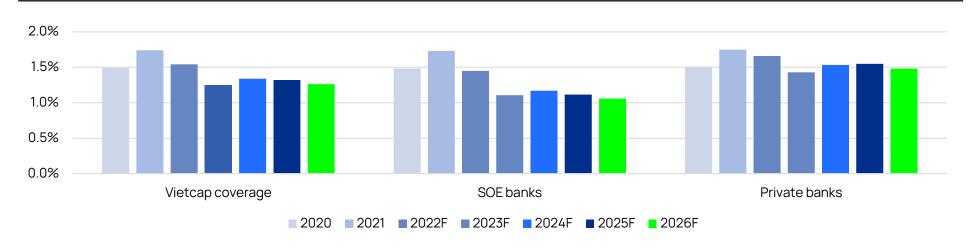


# Asset quality (1)

### Asset quality of Vietcap's banking coverage yearly

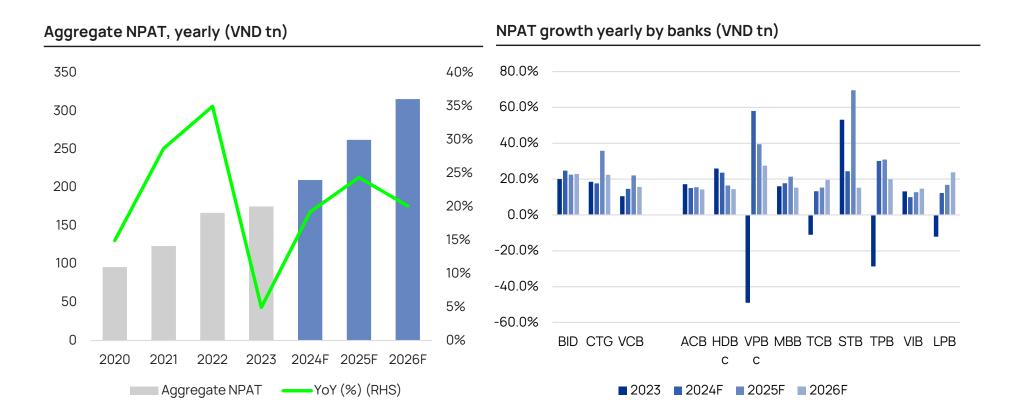


### Credit costs of Vietcap's banking coverage yearly





# **Net profits**



• We forecast 2024F aggregate NPAT to grow by 19.2% YoY, which is mainly driven by (1) a 16.6% YoY increase in aggregate NII on higher NIM and strong credit growth, and (2) a 21.2% YoY increase in aggregate NOII led by ongoing strong settlement services fees and other non-credit services fees amid improving credit growth and economic activities, and higher recovery income from written-off bad debts as the real estate market recovers. These factors are partly offset by our projection for credit costs to remain high as loan defaults and downgrades in the loan classification of impaired credit lag the economic cycle.



# **Recent performance & top picks**

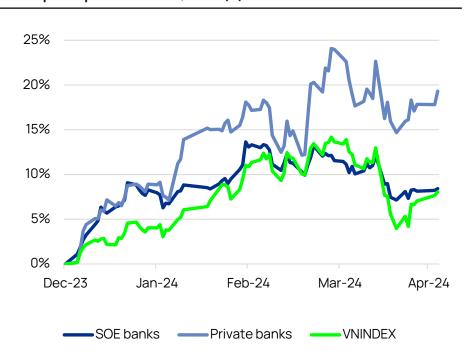


# YTD banking share price performance

### Share price performance, YTD (1)

# 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% Dec-23 Jan-24 Feb-24 Mar-24 Apr-24 Overall banking VNINDEX

### Share price performance, YTD (2)



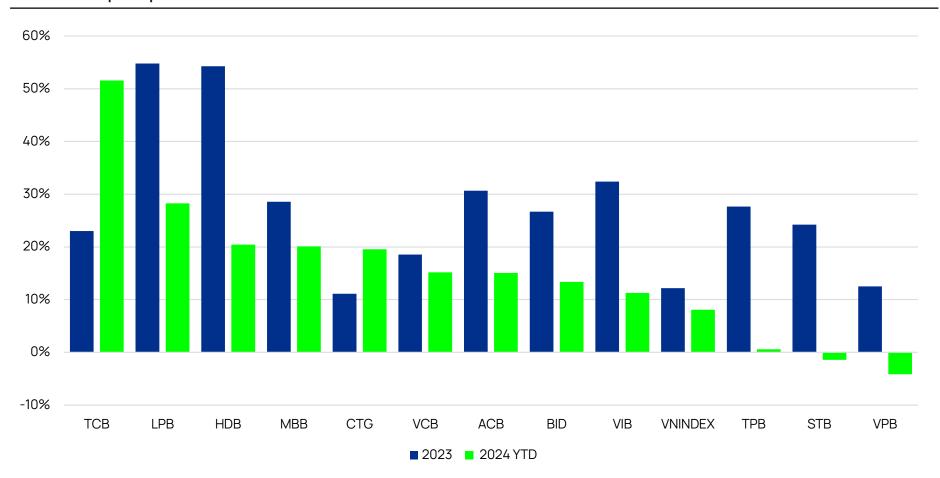
Source: Vietcap, Fiinpro as of May 3, 2024 (Note: Overall banking represents all banking stocks under Vietcap's coverage and is weighted by market capitalization).

Source: Vietcap, Fiinpro as of May 3, 2024 (Note: Overall banking represents all banking stocks under Vietcap's coverage and is weighted by market capitalization).



# Banks' share price performance in 2024 YTD

### Banks' share price performance YTD

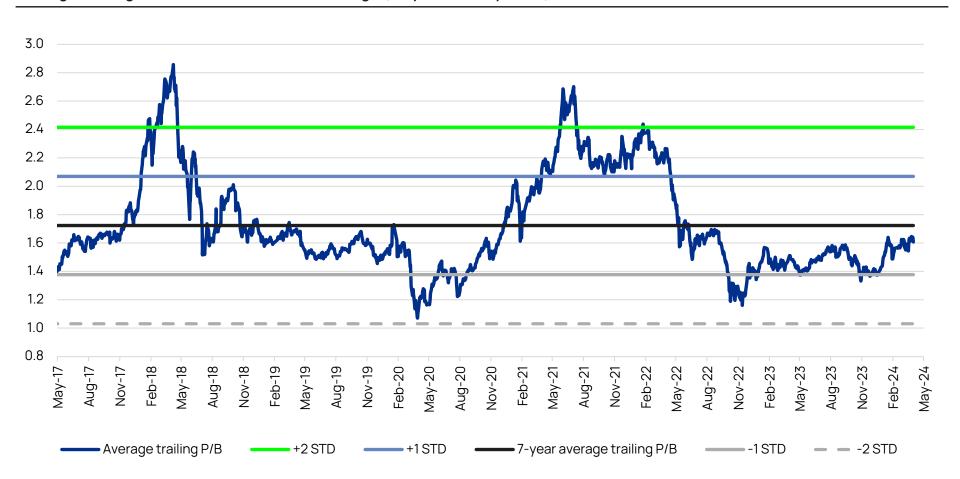


Source: Vietcap, Fiinpro as of May 3, 2024.



# Trailing P/B of banks under our coverage

### Average trailing P/B of banks under our coverage (May 2017 - May 2024)



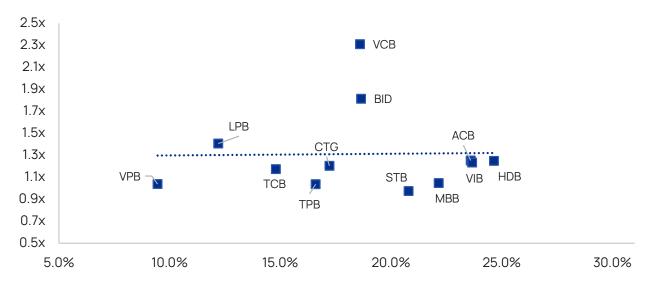
Source: Vietcap, Fiinpro as of May 3, 2024.



# Themes for top picks

- Based on a one-year investment horizon, our top picks are **MBB** and **STB**. These stocks offer some of the highest projected returns based on our end-2024 target prices as of May 10, 2024.
- MBB offers a high NIM adjusted for credit costs, strong credit growth backed by a diversified ecosystem, a top-tier CASA ratio with sustained CASA deposits from military-related parties and subsidiaries, and a strong provisioning buffer. Meanwhile, STB has one of the strongest private bank franchises and we expect a boost in earnings (forecast NPAT CAGR of 41.6% over the next 3 years) as the pressure from clearing legacy assets diminishes.
- For investors who prefer defensive exposure to the sector amid the current uncertainties, we recommend **VCB** and **ACB** due to their conservative lending strategies and top-tier asset quality. For **VCB**, in addition to its defensive characteristics, we also see growth drivers at VCB from potentially higher credit growth than peers due to rehabilitating a distressed credit institution (DCI) and bancassurance. In addition, **ACB** has delivered impressive ROEs supported by a conservative lending strategy, competitive funding costs, and a well-established banking franchise in the southern region.

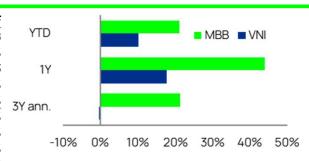
### Vietnam banks P/B (y-axis) and ROE (x-axis) (2024F)





# MBB - BUY, TP of VND30,000

Detingt	DLIV			2023	2024F	2025F	2026F	
Rating*	BUY							
Share Price (10 May)	VND22,600	PPOP (VND bn)		32,393	38,140	46,322	55,318	
Target Price (TP)*	VND30,000		% YoY	5.3%	17.7%	21.5%	19.4%	
		NPAT-MI (VND bn	)	20,677	22,855	26,688	32,783	
			% YoY	18.3%	10.5%	16.8%	22.8%	
Upside to TP	+32.8%	EPS	% YoY	18.3%	9.8%	16.0%	22.8%	
Dividend Yield	+2.2%	NIM		4.80%	4.33%	4.43%	4.57%	
TSR	+35.0%	CASA ratio		40.2%	38.4%	38.6%	38.8%	
		NPLs/gross loans		1.60%	1.70%	1.50%	1.30%	
Industry	Banking	Credit costs		1.00%	1.22%	1.36%	1.28%	
Market Cap	USD4.8bn	CIR		31.5%	29.5%	29.0%	28.5%	
Foreign Room	USD0mn	P/B		1.3x	1.1x	0.9x	0.7x	
ADTV30D	USD24mn	P/E		5.8x	5.2x	4.5x	3.6x	
State Ownership	9.4%	ROE		24.5%	22.2%	21.2%	21.4%	
Outstanding Shares	5.287 bn	ROA		2.5%	2.2%	2.2%	2.3%	
Fully Diluted Shares	5.287 bn	* TP and rating last updated May 10, 2024						



### Company Overview

Founded in 1994, MBB is the fourth largest bank in our coverage universe as calculated by total assets as of December 31, 2023. The bank had its IPO in 2004 and has listed shares since November 2011.

MBB has the most diversified ecosystem among our coverage. MBB has six subsidiaries, including life and non-life insurers, a consumer finance company, a securities company, and fund & asset management companies, which we believe create cross-selling opportunities. In addition, MBB has demonstrated success in innovating its banking apps and attracting new customers.

We believe that MBB has a solid competitive advantage in terms of (1) funding costs, with a top-tier CASA ratio, and (2) a dynamic growth outlook from its network of subsidiaries and strategic partners. In addition, we assume MBB will receive a higher-than-average credit quota in our explicit forecast period due to its participation in the scheme to support a weak credit institution.

NIM to recover gradually after substantial contraction in the last two quarters. Though NII was weaker than our expectation, MBB's NFI exceeded our forecasts in the last two quarters due to strong growth of securities brokerage and settlement and cash service. We believe that NIM should gradually improve in the remainder of 2024 due to (1) improvement in IEA yield (stronger credit growth, improving asset quality) and (2) optimizing funding costs.

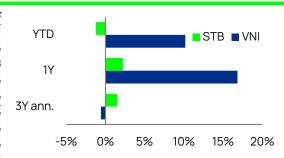
Asset quality to improve in the remainder of 2024F. MBB's Q1 NPL ratio was higher than our expectation due to loan group reclassification of a major customer following the Credit Information Center (CIC). MBB expects to solve this case in Q2 2024 and commit with its target for the 2024F NPL ratio below 2% and LLR at 100%...

MBB is currently trading at a 15% discount to the peer median 2024F P/B at 1.2x with a 2024F ROE of 23.4% vs the peer median of 18.2%, according to our forecast. Downside risks: Higher-than-expected credit cost resulting from prolonged difficulties in the real estate and corporate bond markets; lower-than-expected CASA ratio; supporting a distressed credit institution could hinder the bank's growth.



# **STB - BUY, TP of VND38,100**

Rating*	BUY			2023	2024F	2025F	2026F	
Share Price (May 10)	VND27,600	PPOP (VND bn)		13,282	19,787	27,418	31,751	
Target Price (TP)*	VND38,100		% YoY	-12.7%	49.0%	38.6%	15.8%	
3 . ,		NPAT-MI (VND br	n)	7,718	9,372	16,238	18,708	
			% YoY	53.1%	21.4%	73.3%	15.2%	
Upside to TP	+38.0%	EPS	% YoY	51.5%	21.4%	73.3%	15.2%	
Dividend Yield	0.0%	NIM		3.91%	4.03%	4.16%	4.20%	
TSR	+38.0%	CASA ratio	18.6%	20.5%	21.5%	21.5%		
		NPLs/gross loans	6	2.28%	1.80%	1.40%	1.20%	
Industry	Banking	Credit costs		0.76%	1.47%	1.14%	1.17%	
Market Cap	USD2.1bn	CIR		49.3%	43.5%	39.6%	39.0%	
Foreign Room	USD134mn	P/B		1.3x	1.1x	0.8x	0.7x	
ADTV30D	USD15mn	P/E		8.7x	7.2x	4.1x	3.6x	
State Ownership	0.0%	ROE		18.3%	18.8%	26.7%	24.7%	
Outstanding Shares	1.885 bn	ROA		1.2%	1.3%	2.0%	2.0%	
Fully Diluted Shares	1.885 bn	* TP and rating last updated February 26, 2024						



### **Company Overview**

STB was founded in 1991, IPO'ed in 1996 and listed in 2006. As of 2022, STB was the fifth largest among our coverage banks by gross loans. In October 2015, STB merged with Southern Bank and the SBV took control of 51% of voting rights from a group of shareholders deemed to have breached ownership caps.

STB owns one of the strongest private bank franchises in Vietnam. As of end-2023, STB possesses 552 branches and transaction offices and was the second largest private bank in terms of brick-and-mortar network under our coverage. The bank focuses on southern Vietnam with large exposure to the retail and SME segments.

Solid core banking business is one of the criteria that contributes to the success of STB's restructuring plan, in our view. In the last seven years, its main objective has been to clear legacy assets related to its merger with Phuong Nam Southern Bank in 2015 via collateral sales and/or provisioning. We have observed positive progress in resolving legacy debts, which supports our conviction in the bank's restructuring story. We expect STB to finish clearing its VAMC balance in 2024, which will unlock further growth potential and shift its focus to enhancing its core business. In our view, one of the key criteria that contributed to the recovery of STB is its resilient core banking business. Its TOI (adding back the reversal of legacy accrued interests) grew at a CAGR of 28.1% in the last five years, per our estimation. We believe STB's earnings will soar after its restructuring period. We forecast STB's NPAT to increase at a CAGR of 34.3% in the next three years supported by our forecasts for improvement in NIM and CIR as well as high recovery income from written-off legacy assets.

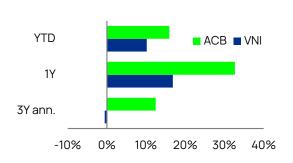
STB is currently trading at a 2024F P/B of 1.1x compared to the peer median 2024F P/B at 1.2x with a 2024F ROE of 18.8% vs the peer median of 18.2%, according to our forecast.

Downside risks to our positive view: Higher-than-expected NPLs; STB fails to sell large collateral assets.



# ACB - BUY, TP of VND33,800

Rating*	BUY			2023	2024F	2025F	2026F		
Share Price (May 10)	VND27,700	PPOP (VND bn)		21,871	24,735	28,098	31,881		
Target Price (TP)*	VND33,800		% YoY	27.3%	13.1%	13.6%	13.5%		
		NPAT (VND bn)		16,044	18,452	21,308	24,345		
			% YoY	17.2%	15.0%	15.5%	14.3%		
Upside to TP	+22.0%	EPS	% YoY	16.9%	15.0%	15.5%	14.3%		
Dividend Yield	<u>3.6%</u>	NIM		3.87%	4.04%	4.10%	4.20%		
TSR	+25.6%	CASA ratio		22.0%	23.9%	25.3%	26.0%		
		NPLs/gross loans		1.21%	0.65%	0.55%	0.60%		
Industry	Banking	Credit costs		0.37%	0.30%	0.22%	0.20%		
Market Cap	USD4.3bn	CIR		33.2%	34.5%	34.8%	34.9%		
Foreign Room	USD0mn	P/B		1.5x	1.3x	1.1x	0.9x		
ADTV30D	USD23mn	P/E		6.7x	5.9x	5.1x	4.4x		
State Ownership	0.0%	ROE		24.8%	23.6%	22.6%	21.5%		
Outstanding Shares	3.884 bn	ROA		2.42%	2.40%	2.43%	2.43%		
Fully Diluted Shares	3.884 bn	* TP and rating last	* TP and rating last updated February 20, 2024						



Company Overview:

Founded in 1993, ACB is the seventh largest bank among our coverage banks by total assets as of December 31, 2023. ACB primarily focuses on the retail and SME segments. ACB listed shares on HNX in November 2006 and moved to HSX in December 2020.

Conservative bank with a diversified loan book that minimizes risk in unfavorable conditions. ACB is a retail-focused bank with more than 90% of its loan book from retail and SME customers. ACB had no exposure to corporate bonds and only 1.1% of its loan book was related to real estate developers in 2023. Therefore, the bank owns one of the best-quality loan books among listed Vietnamese banks.

ACB enjoyed one of the lowest costs of funds (COF) among private banks despite CASA being at the median level. We believe its (1) loyal customers and (2) large coverage footprint of physical transaction offices in the southern region have supported ACB in mobilizing relatively low-cost funding from retail customers. As of December 2023, ACB's 12-month deposit rates were the lowest in comparison to other Vietnamese banks. We believe ACB can use its low funding costs to offer competitive lending rates and acquire good-quality customers.

ACB outperformed in the bancassurance segment, despite (1) the Government's stricter regulation on selling insurance through banks and (2) cases of misselling bancassurance by some banks negatively affecting the sentiment of retail customers. In 2023, ACB ranked first in accumulated APE sales, indicating that their bancassurance activities are conducted effectively. In addition, over the last two years, ACB has consistently ranked among the top four banks in terms of new annual premium equivalent (APE).

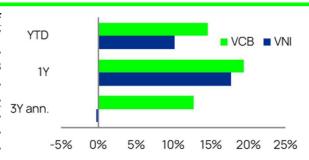
We believe ACB's valuation is attractive considering its relatively low operational risks and high ROE. ACB's forward PB is 1.24x vs peer median of 1.20x. Additionally, we expect ACB 2024F ROE of 23.6% compared to the peer median of 18.2%.

Risks to our positive view: (1) Lower CASA ratio vs our forecasts; (2) weak performance of bancassurance; (3) higher-than-expected NPLs.



# VCB - OUTPERFORM, TP of VND105,000

Rating*	OUTPERFORM			2023	2024F	2025F	2026F
Share Price (May 10)	VND92,000	PPOP (VND bn)		45,809	53,556	65,076	77,787
Target Price (TP)*	VND105,000		% YoY	-2.2%	16.9%	21.5%	19.5%
_		NPAT-MI (VND b	n)	33,033	37,862	46,227	53,448
			% YoY	10.5%	14.6%	22.1%	15.6%
Upside to TP	+17.3%	EPS	% YoY	11.8%	14.6%	14.6%	15.6%
Dividend Yield	0.0%	NIM		3.00%	3.12%	3.32%	3.46%
TSR	+17.3%	CASA ratio		35.2%	36.2%	36.2%	37.2%
		NPLs/gross loan	S	0.98%	0.90%	0.80%	0.90%
Industry	Banking	Credit costs		0.36%	0.43%	0.44%	0.58%
Market Cap	USD20.6bn	CIR		32.4%	32.0%	31.0%	30.4%
Foreign Room	USD1.3bn	P/B		16.8x	14.7x	12.8x	11.1x
ADTV30D	USD5mn	P/E		3.0x	2.2x	1.9x	1.7x
State Ownership	74.8%	ROE		21.7%	18.6%	17.8%	17.8%
Outstanding Shares	5.589 bn	ROA		1.8%	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%
Fully Diluted Shares	5.952 bn	* TP and rating las	st updated F	ebruary 26,	2024		



### Company Overview

Founded in 1963, VCB is the second largest bank in our coverage universe as calculated by total assets as of December 31, 2023, and most profitable in terms of total net profit. The bank had its IPO in 2008 and has listed shares since June 30, 2009.

VCB is one of the best quality banks in our coverage universe due to its high-quality customer base and conservative provisioning. VCB's low deposit rate due to its SOE prestige, together with the third highest CASA ratio, has helped the bank to contain one of the lowest COF under our coverage. As a result, VCB could be able to offer competitive lending rate to customers, thereby controlling its asset quality. As of 2023, VCB's SML ratio grossed up NPL ratio and write-off rate of 1.87% was the lowest under our coverage. In addition, since 2015, VCB's LLR has consistently stood at the highest level across the banks that we cover. With a 2023 LLR of 230%, we believe that VCB is well-positioned to cope with economic uncertainty.

We are positive on VCB's potential growth outlook. If VCB can raise new equity through private placement in 2024, it would then unlock top-line growth potential over the next three years. Given VCB's superior network franchise, we expect to see stronger credit expansion and NIM improvement when the bank shifts its lending portion towards retail customers. The bank also has market-leading positions in FX and cards and an FDI franchise that could support the bank's fee income.

**Upside catalyst:** Private placement to foreign investors of a 6.5% stake pre-private placement.

**Risks to our positive view:** (1) Capital raising does not materialize as expected; (2) lower-than-expected CASA; (3) risks arising from participation in rehabilitation of a distressed credit institution; (4) higher-than-expected support packages from VCB to support the economy.



# Key data and summary valuations

### Banking sector: Key data

Code	Rating	Market Cap USD mn	State O'ship %	For. Limit %	For. Avail USD mn	ADTV 30D USD mn	Share Price VND ps	Target Price VND ps	Target price updated	Upside %	Div. Yield %	TSR %
СТС	O-PF	7,056	64.5%	30.0%	242	14	32,850	39,300	02/26/24	19.6%	0.0%	19.6%
VCB	O-PF	20,568	74.8%	30.0%	1,334	5	92,000	105,000	02/26/24	14.1%	0.0%	14.1%
BID	M-PF	11,184	81.0%	30.0%	1,425	3	49,050	54,200	03/08/24	10.5%	0.0%	10.5%
STB	BUY	2,081	0.0%	30.0%	134	15	27,600	38,100	02/28/24	38.0%	0.0%	38.0%
МВВ	BUY	4,780	9.4%	23.2%	0	24	22,600	30,000	05/10/24	32.7%	2.2%	35.0%
VPB	BUY	5,871	0.0%	30.0%	119	15	18,500	24,000	03/08/24	29.7%	2.7%	32.4%
ACB	BUY	4,304	0.0%	30.0%	0	23	27,700	33,800	02/20/24	22.0%	3.6%	25.6%
VIB	M-PF	2,187	0.0%	20.5%	0	8	21,550	26,000	03/29/24	20.7%	4.6%	25.3%
ТРВ	O-PF	1,594	0.0%	30.0%	18	6	18,100	21,700	02/05/24	19.9%	0.0%	19.9%
HDB	O-PF	2,761	0.0%	20.0%	7	12	23,700	26,000	02/23/24	9.7%	2.1%	11.8%
тсв	O-PF	6,834	0.0%	22.5%	0	22	48,500	44,500	02/19/24	-8.3%	3.1%	-5.2%
LPB	U-PF	2,056	0.0%	5.0%	81	13	20,100	14,900	04/03/24	-25.9%	0.0%	-25.9%

### **Banking sector: Summary valuations**

Code	Share Price VND ps	EPS g 2023F %	EPS g 2024F%	EPS g 2025F%	P/B current x	P/B 2024F x	P/B 2025F x	P/E TTM x	P/E 2024F x	P/E 2025F x		Assets/equity LQ x
VCB	92,000	11.8%	14.6%	14.6%	2.96	2.30	1.96	17.9	15.1	13.2	18.6%	10.2
CTG	32,850	18.1%	17.7%	36.1%	1.36	1.20	1.01	10.3	8.8	6.5	17.2%	15.9
BID	49,050	22.7%	23.4%	13.2%	2.26	1.80	1.57	14.7	12.1	10.7	18.7%	18.0
VPB	18,500	-52.1%	27.0%	30.3%	1.06	1.03	0.95	14.5	11.2	8.6	9.5%	5.8
STB	27,600	51.4%	21.4%	73.3%	1.09	0.97	0.77	6.6	6.5	3.7	20.8%	14.5
мвв	22,600	18.3%	9.8%	16.0%	1.23	1.04	0.87	5.8	5.2	4.5	22.2%	8.9
тсв	48,500	-10.8%	19.4%	19.1%	1.24	1.17	1.02	8.7	8.0	6.7	15.5%	6.4
ТРВ	18,100	-28.8%	30.2%	31.0%	1.17	1.03	0.86	8.8	6.9	5.2	16.6%	10.4
ACB	27,700	17.4%	14.5%	15.5%	1.44	1.26	1.05	6.8	5.9	5.1	23.6%	9.7
HDB	23,700	29.2%	21.7%	15.4%	1.44	1.25	1.02	6.2	5.6	4.8	24.6%	12.1
VIB	21,550	1.1%	13.6%	20.3%	1.42	1.23	1.02	6.5	5.7	4.7	23.7%	10.8
LPB	20,100	-2.0%	-9.3%	4.5%	1.41	1.41	1.27	7.8	12.7	12.1	12.2%	11.3



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